Chatham University Resolution on Freedom of Expression DRAFT (August 2018)

Chatham University's ("Chatham" or "the University") commitment to freedom of expression and free speech is enshrined in its Mission, which provides, among other things, that Chatham graduates will be prepared to "recognize and respect diversity of culture, identity, and opinion."

Because Chatham is committed to free and open inquiry in all matters, it guarantees all members of the Chatham community the broadest possible latitude to speak, write, listen, challenge, and learn. Except insofar as limitations on that freedom are necessary to the University's functioning, Chatham fully respects and supports the freedom of all members of the Chatham community "to discuss any problem that presents itself."

Of course, the ideas of different members of the Chatham community will often and quite naturally conflict. But it is not the proper role of the University to attempt to shield individuals from ideas and opinions they find unwelcome, disagreeable, or even deeply offensive. Although Chatham greatly values civility, and although all members of the Chatham community share in the responsibility for maintaining a climate of mutual respect, concerns about civility and mutual respect can never be used as a justification for closing off discussion of ideas, however offensive or disagreeable those ideas may be to some members of our community.

The freedom to debate and discuss the merits of competing ideas does not, of course, mean that individuals may say whatever they wish, wherever they wish. Chatham may restrict expression that violates the law, that falsely defames a specific individual, that constitutes a genuine threat or harassment, that unjustifiably invades substantial privacy or confidentiality interests, or that is otherwise directly incompatible with the functioning of the University. In addition, Chatham may reasonably regulate the time, place, and manner of expression to ensure that it does not disrupt the ordinary activities of the University. But these are narrow exceptions to the general principle of freedom of expression, and it is vitally important that these exceptions never be used in a manner that is inconsistent with Chatham's commitment to a completely free and open discussion of ideas.

In a word, Chatham's fundamental commitment is to the principle that debate or deliberation may not be suppressed because the ideas put forth are thought by some or even by most members of the Chatham community to be offensive, unwise, immoral, or wrong-headed. It is for the individual members of the Chatham community, not for Chatham as an institution, to make those judgments for themselves, and to act on those judgments not by seeking to suppress speech, but by openly and vigorously contesting the ideas that they oppose. Indeed, fostering the ability of members of the Chatham community to engage in such debate and deliberation in an effective and responsible manner is an essential part of Chatham's educational mission.

As a corollary to Chatham's commitment to protect and promote free expression, members of the Chatham community must also act in conformity with the principle of free expression. Although members of the Chatham community are free to criticize and contest the views expressed on

campus, and to criticize and contest speakers who are invited to express their views on campus, they may not obstruct or otherwise interfere with the freedom of others to express views they reject or even loathe. To this end, Chatham has a solemn responsibility not only to promote a lively and fearless freedom of debate and deliberation, but also to protect that freedom when others attempt to restrict it.

This Resolution is adapted and excerpted from the 2015 University of Chicago Report of the Committee on Freedom of Expression. The original is available in full here.

